# Concurrency in Multi-Agent Robotic Systems

Calden Wloka

York University, Toronto 31 January, 2011

## Outline

- Concurrency in robotics
- Overview of Petri Nets
- Introduction of example problem
- Plan and discussion

#### Concurrency in robotics

- Physical limitations create the need for procedures to handle concurrency
- Cooperation between multiple agents is often desirable, but this increases the need for concurrent control
  - A group of agents in which all robots have identical capabilities is called *homogeneous*
  - A group of agents in which robot capabilities vary between individuals is called *heterogeneous*

## Petri Nets

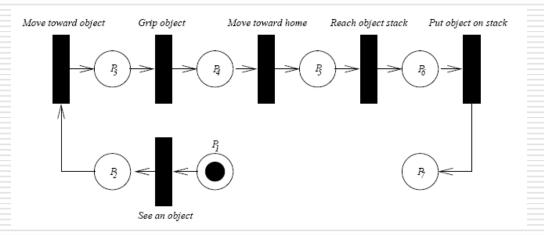
#### Invented in 1939 by Carl Adam Petri



Carl Adam Petri 1926 - 2010

- Provide a graphical and well-defined mathematical notation for stepwise procedures that include choice, iteration, and concurrency
- Consist of a directed graph in which nodes are either transitions (represented with rectangles) or places/conditions (represented with circles)

#### Petri Nets: A simple example from my paper



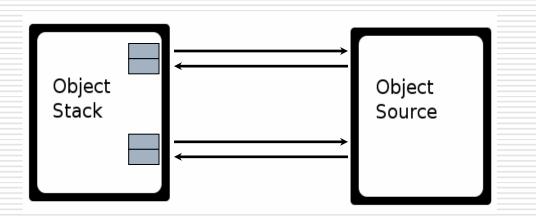
Y.T. Kotb, S.S. Beauchemin, and J.L. Barron. Petri Net-Based Cooperation in Multi-Agent Systems. Computer and Robot Vision 2007, pp. 123-130



#### Sample Two Agent Problem

Two agents with two primary tasks:

- Pick up objects from the source
- Carry objects and place and place them on the stack



## Sample Two Agent Problem



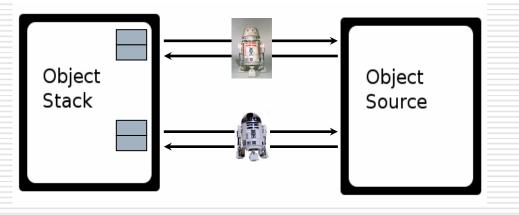
Task 1: See an object Move toward object Grip object Move toward home Task 2: Reach object stack Put object on stack



Task 1: See an object Move toward object Grip object Move toward home

#### Task 2:

Reach object stack Put object on stack



## Sample Two Agent Problem



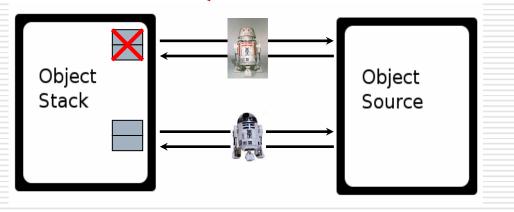
Task 1: See an object Move toward object Grip object Move toward home Task 2: Reach object stack Put object on stack



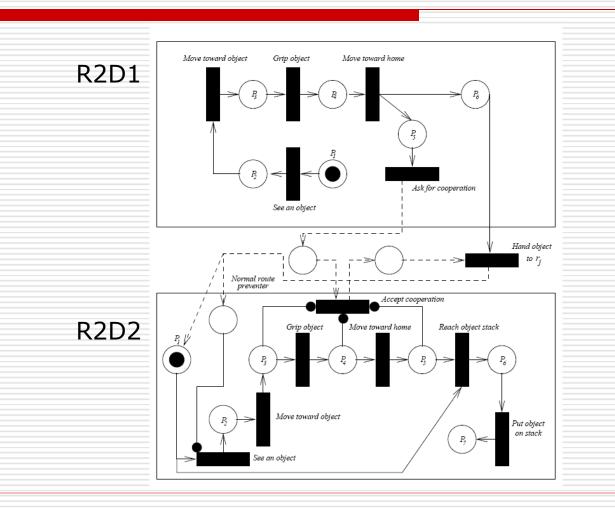
**Task 1:** See an object Move toward object Grip object Move toward home

#### Task 2:

Reach object stack Put object on stack



#### Petri Net for Sample Two Agent Problem



## Plan and Discussion

- Simulate the sample problem using Petri Nets and with direct planning methods for comparison
- Test implementation over a range of parameters (action speeds, number of agents)
- Questions?