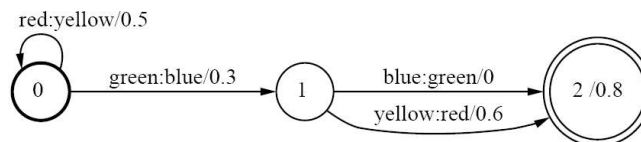


Weighted Finite State Transducer (WFST)

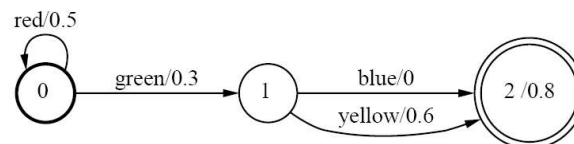
- Efficient algorithms for various operations.
- Weights
 - Handle uncertainty in text, handwritten text, speech, image, biological sequences.
- Applications:
 - Text: pattern-matching, indexation, compression.
 - Speech: speech recognition, speech synthesis.
 - Image: image compression, filters.

Weighted Finite State Transducer (WFST)

- Transducers:

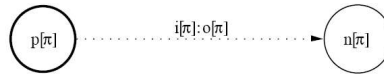


- Automata/Acceptors



WFST Definition (I)

- A path π : a sequence of transitions.
 - Original and destination states
 - Input and output labels



- A semiring \equiv a ring without negation
 - Number set K .
 - Sum \oplus and Product \otimes .
- Semiring examples:
 - Probability semiring: $R, +, \times$.
 - Tropical semiring: $R, \min, +$.

WFST Definition (II)

- General Definitions
 - Alphabets: input Σ , output Δ
 - States: Q , initial I , final F .
 - Transitions: $E \rightarrow Q^* (\Sigma \cup \epsilon)^* (\Delta \cup \epsilon)^* K^* Q$
 - Initial/Final weights: $\lambda = I \rightarrow K, \rho = F \rightarrow K$

- WFST $T = (\Sigma, Q, I, F, E, \lambda, \rho)$:

$$[T](x, y) = \bigoplus_{\pi \in P(I, x, y, F)} \lambda(p[\pi]) \otimes w[\pi] \otimes \rho(n[\pi])$$

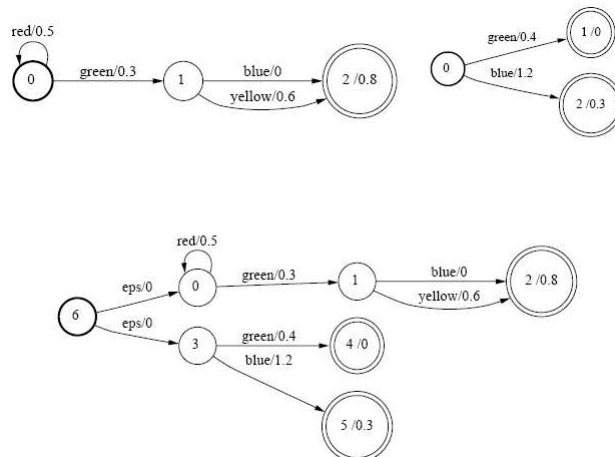
for all $x \in \Sigma^*$ and $y \in \Delta^*$.

WFST Operations

- Sum
- Product
- Closure
- Reversal
- Composition
- Determinization
- Weight pushing
- Minimization

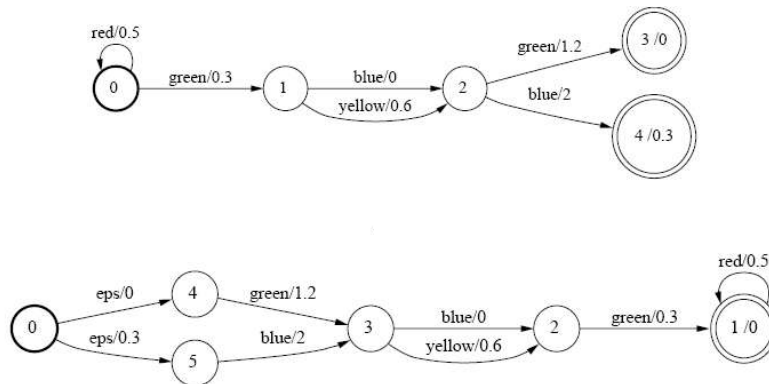
WFST Sum

- **Sum:** $[T_1 \oplus T_2](x, y) = [T_1](x, y) \oplus [T_2](x, y)$



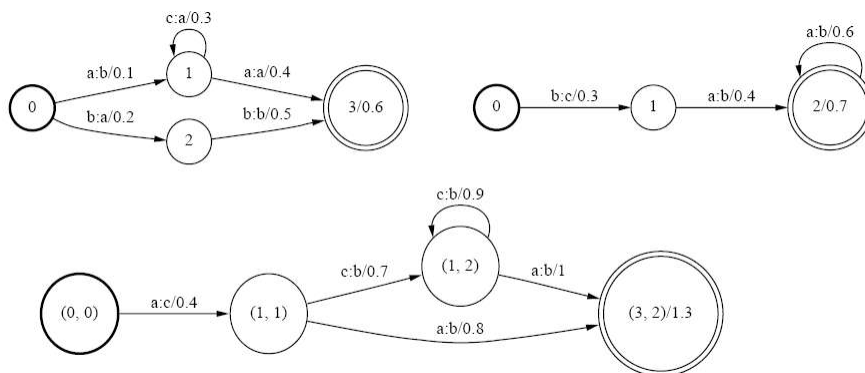
WFST Reversal

• Reversal: $[T^{\sim}]x, y) = [T](\tilde{x}, \tilde{y})$



WFST Composition

• Composition: $[T_1 \circ T_2]x, y) = \bigoplus_z [T_1]x, z) \otimes [T_2](z, y)$



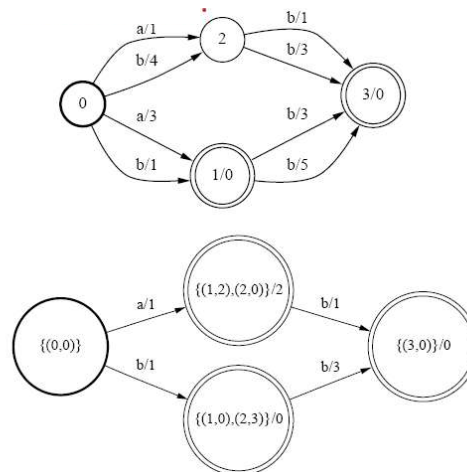
WFST Composition Algorithm

```

WEIGHTED-COMPOSITION( $T_1, T_2$ )
1   $Q \leftarrow I_1 \times I_2$ 
2   $S \leftarrow I_1 \times I_2$ 
3  while  $S \neq \emptyset$  do
4       $(q_1, q_2) \leftarrow \text{HEAD}(S)$ 
5      DEQUEUE( $S$ )
6      if  $(q_1, q_2) \in I_1 \times I_2$  then
7           $I \leftarrow I \cup \{(q_1, q_2)\}$ 
8           $\lambda(q_1, q_2) \leftarrow \lambda_1(q_1) \otimes \lambda_2(q_2)$ 
9      if  $(q_1, q_2) \in F_1 \times F_2$  then
10          $F \leftarrow F \cup \{(q_1, q_2)\}$ 
11          $\rho(q_1, q_2) \leftarrow \rho_1(q_1) \otimes \rho_2(q_2)$ 
12         for each  $(e_1, e_2) \in E[q_1] \times E[q_2]$  such that  $o[e_1] = i[e_2]$  do
13             if  $(n[e_1], n[e_2]) \notin Q$  then
14                  $Q \leftarrow Q \cup \{(n[e_1], n[e_2])\}$ 
15                 ENQUEUE( $S, (n[e_1], n[e_2])$ )
16          $E \leftarrow E \cup \{((q_1, q_2), i[e_1], o[e_2], w[e_1] \otimes w[e_2], (n[e_1], n[e_2]))\}$ 
17  return  $T$ 
    
```

WFST Determinization

- **Deterministic WFST:** no common input label for all outgoing transitions from any state.
- **Determinization:** determinizable WFST \rightarrow deterministic W.



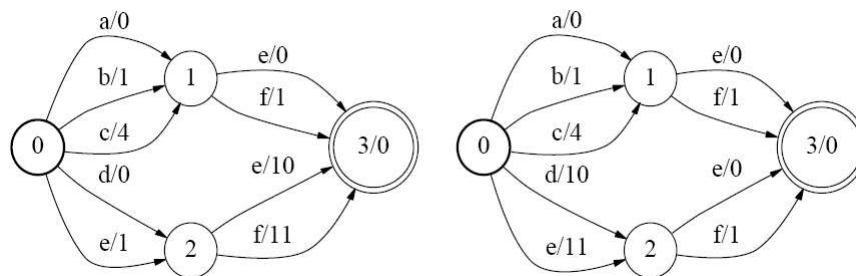
WFST Determinization Algorithm

```

WEIGHTED-DETERMINIZATION( $A$ )
1   $i' \leftarrow \{(i, \lambda(i)) : i \in I\}$ 
2   $\lambda'(i') \leftarrow \bar{1}$ 
3   $S \leftarrow \{i'\}$ 
4  while  $S \neq \emptyset$  do
5       $p' \leftarrow \text{HEAD}(S)$ 
6       $\text{DEQUEUE}(S)$ 
7      for each  $x \in i[E[Q[p']]]$  do
8           $w' \leftarrow \bigoplus \{v \otimes w : (p, v) \in p', (p, x, w, q) \in E\}$ 
9           $q' \leftarrow \{(q, \bigoplus \{w'^{-1} \otimes (v \otimes w) : (p, v) \in p', (p, x, w, q) \in E\}) :$ 
            $q = n[e], i[e] = x, e \in E[Q[p']]\}$ 
10          $E' \leftarrow E' \cup \{(p', x, w', q')\}$ 
11         if  $q' \notin Q'$  then
12              $Q' \leftarrow Q' \cup \{q'\}$ 
13             if  $Q[q'] \cap F \neq \emptyset$  then
14                  $F' \leftarrow F' \cup \{q'\}$ 
15                  $\rho'(q') \leftarrow \bigoplus \{v \otimes \rho(q) : (q, v) \in q', q \in F\}$ 
16              $\text{ENQUEUE}(S, q')$ 
17  return  $T'$ 
    
```

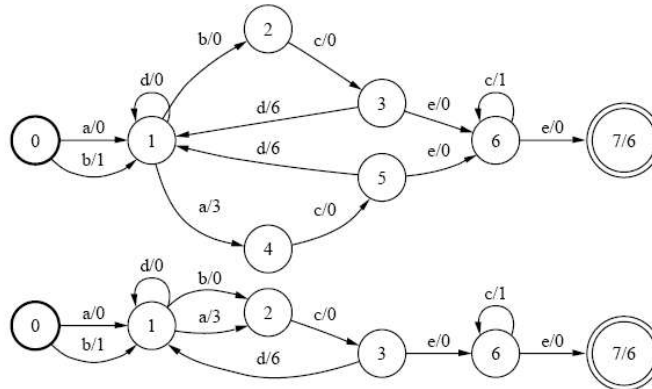
WFST Weights Pushing

- Weight pushing: re-distribute all weights along paths.



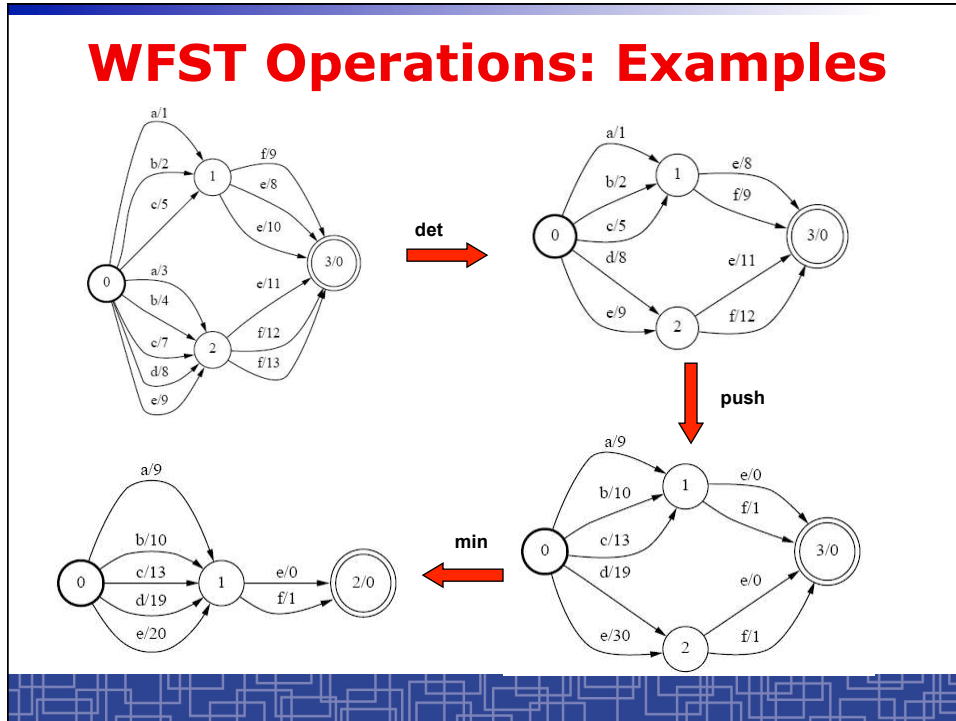
WFST Minimization

- Minimize number of states and transitions of a deterministic WFST.



WFST Operations

- Composition: $C = A \circ B$
- Determinization: $D = \text{det}(C)$
 - deterministic automaton: every state has at most one out-going transition with any given label.*
- Re-weighting (Weight pushing): $E = \text{push}(D)$
- Minimization: $F = \text{min}(E)$



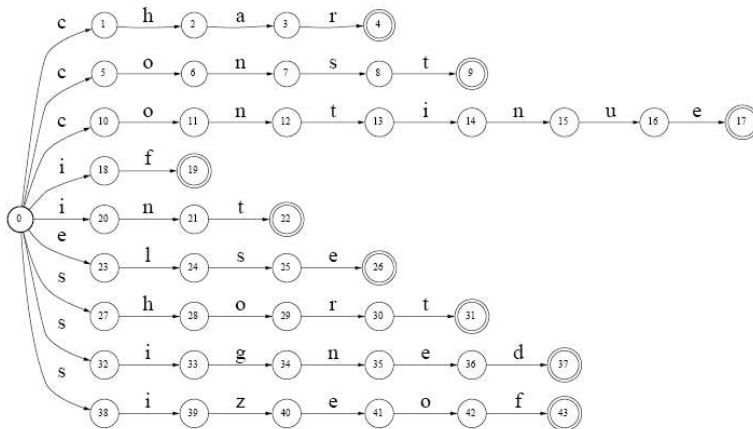
Example I: keyword detection

- **C identifiers:**
 {char, const, continue, if, int, else, short, signed, sizeof}
- **Brute-force search:**

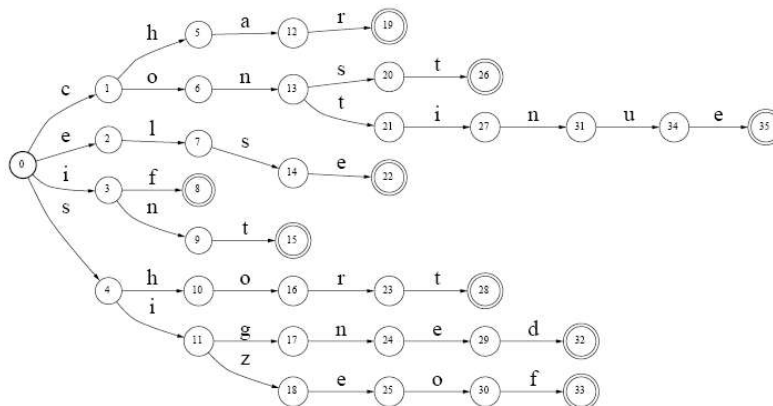
```

if(strcmp(token, "char") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "const") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "oontinue") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "if") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "int") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "else") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "short") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "signed") == 0) return 1;
if(strcmp(token, "sizeof") == 0) return 1;
else return 0;
        
```

Example I: keyword detection: Automata Search



Example I: keyword detection: Deterministic Search



Example I: keyword detection: Minimal Deterministic Search

