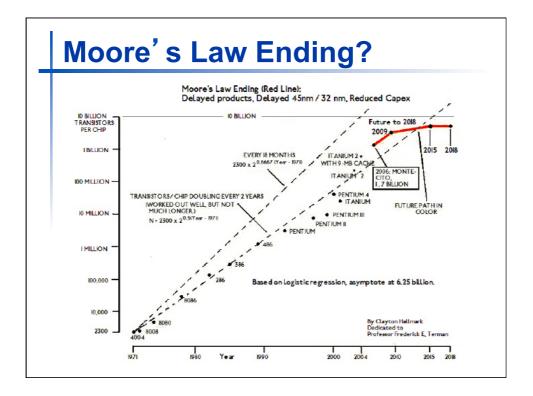
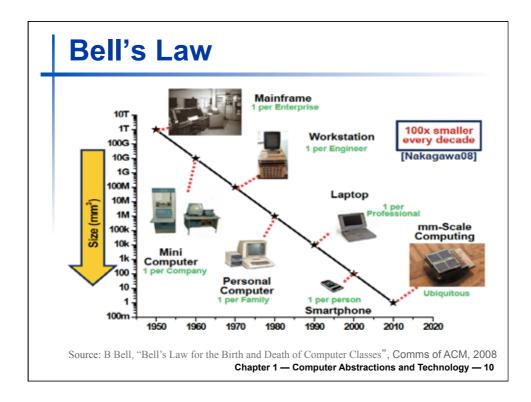
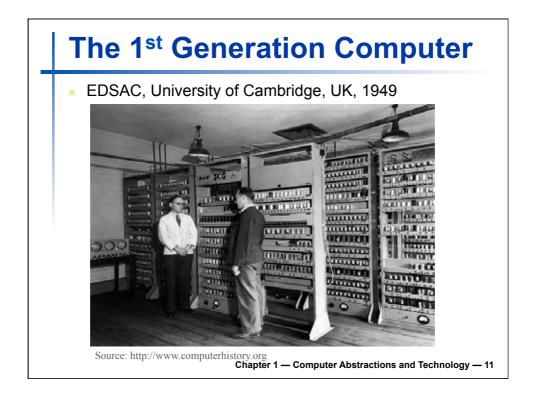


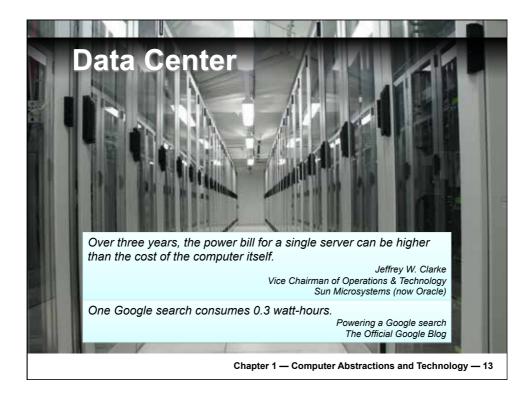
	Year of introduction	Transistors
4004	1971	2,250
8008	1972	2,500
8080	1974	5,000
8086	1978	29,000
286	1982	120,000
386™	1985	275,000
486™ DX	1989	1,180,000
<b>Pentium</b> ®	1993	3,100,000
Pentium II	1997	7,500,000
Pentium III	1999	24,000,000
Pentium 4	2000	42,000,000

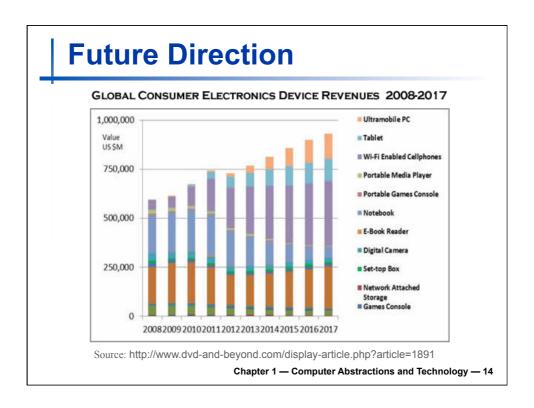


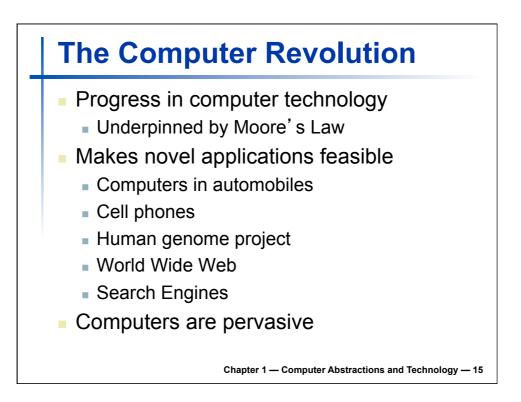


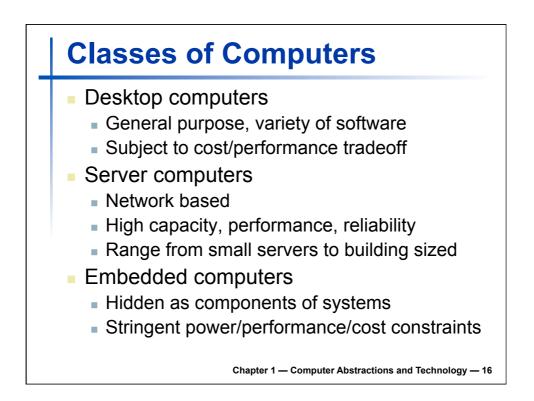


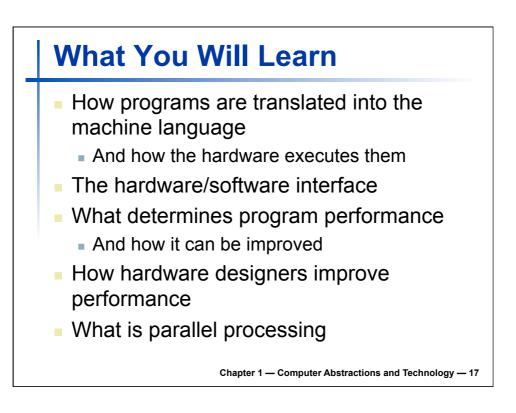


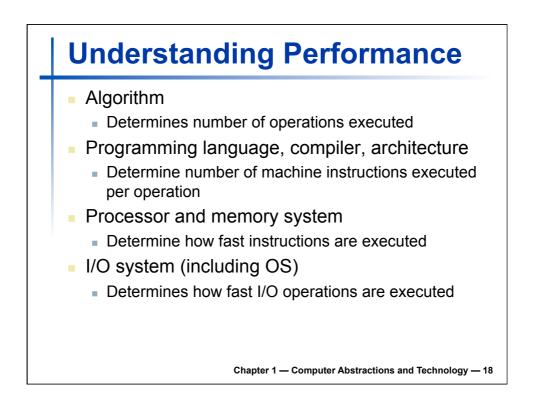


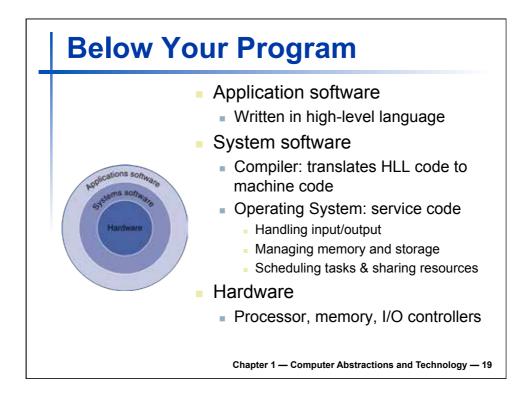


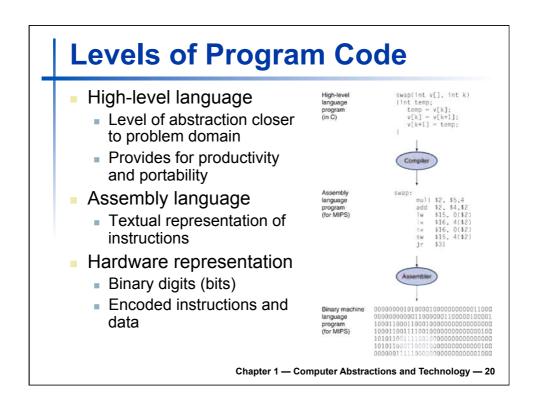


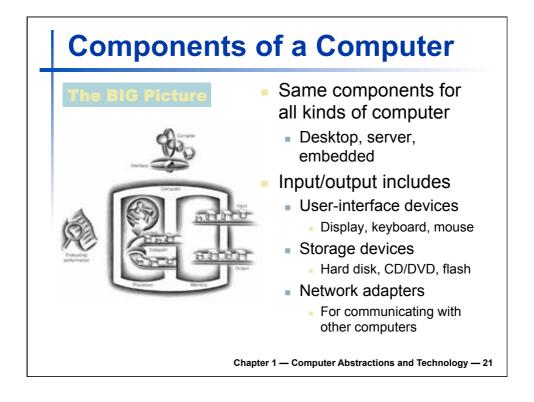


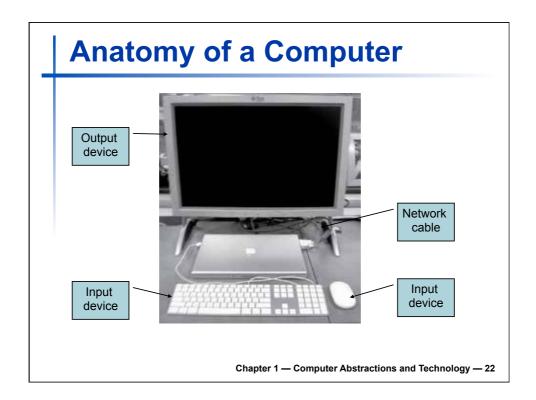


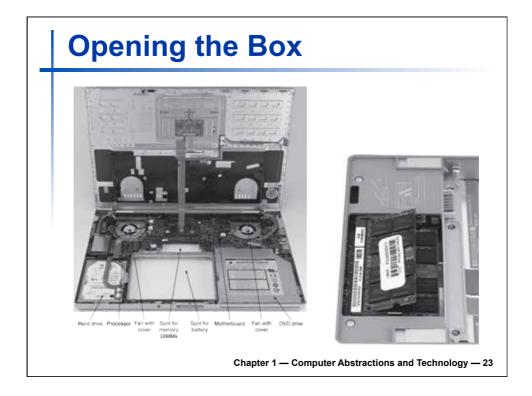


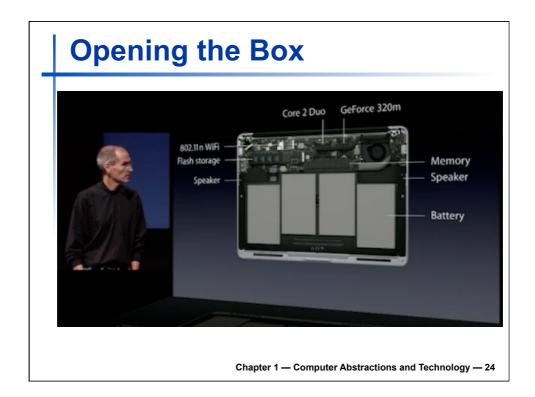


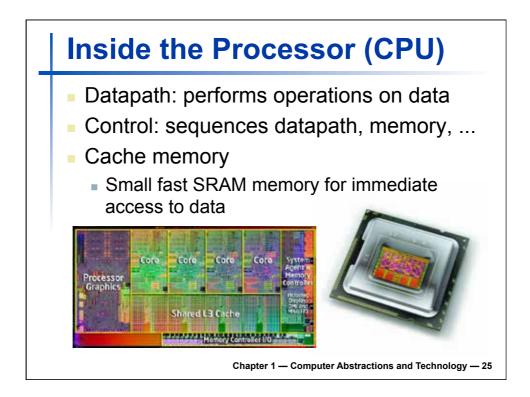


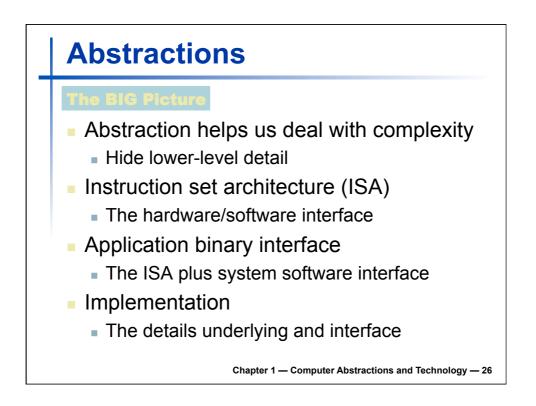




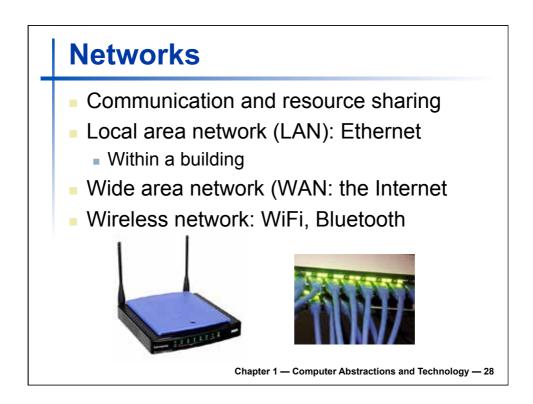


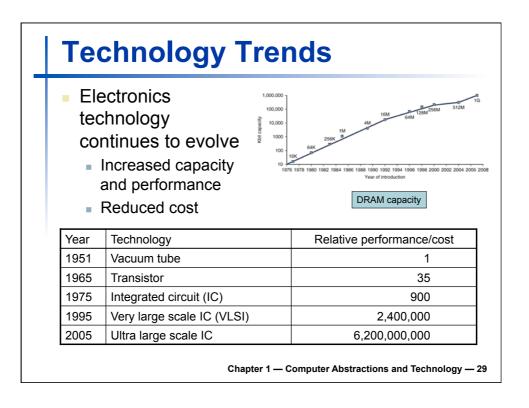


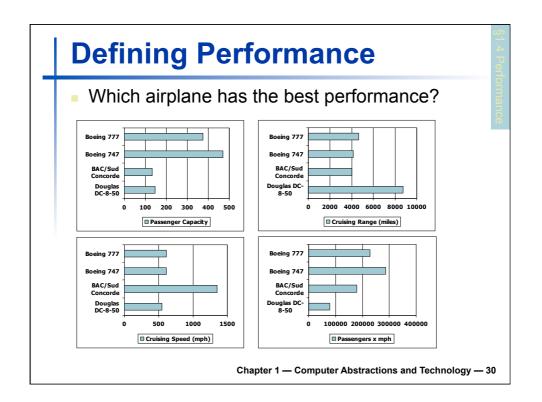


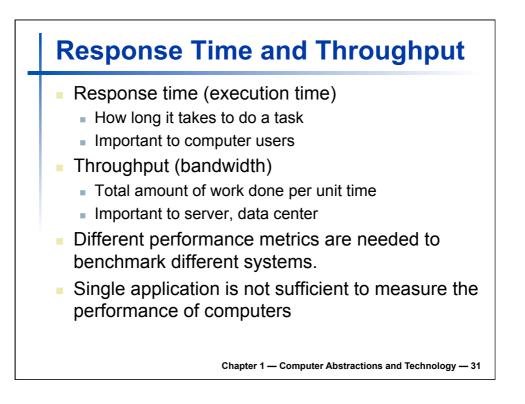


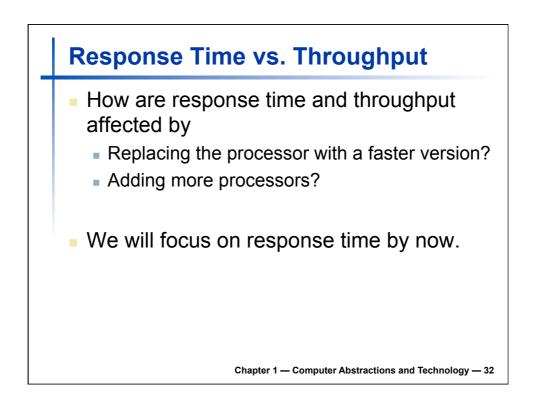


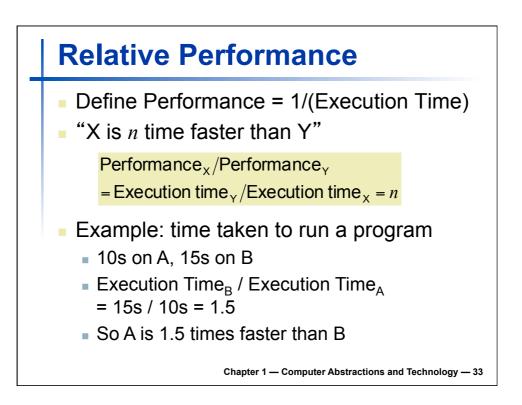


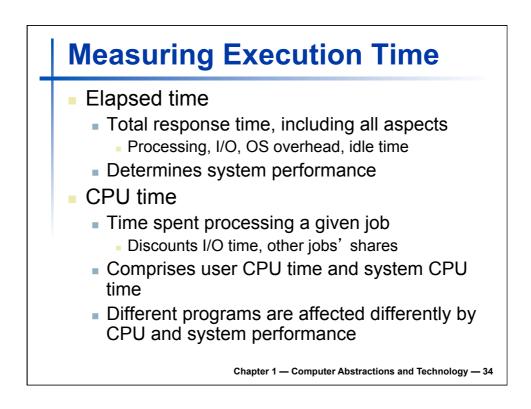


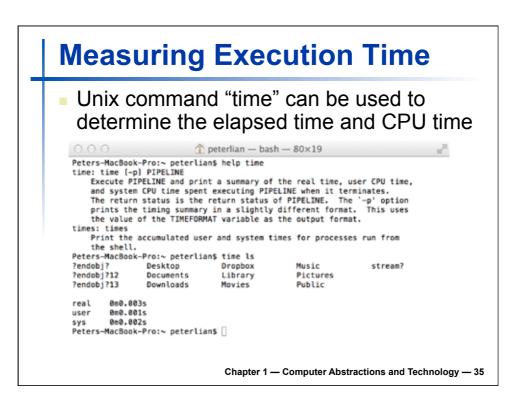


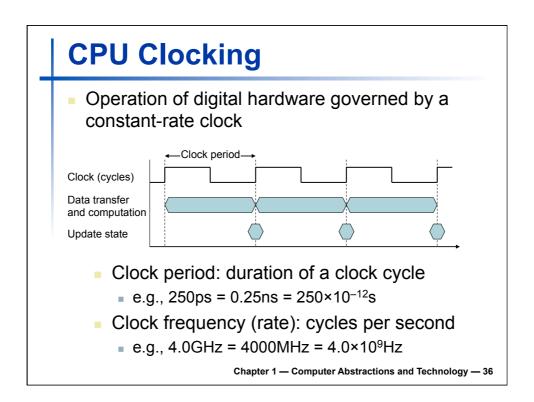


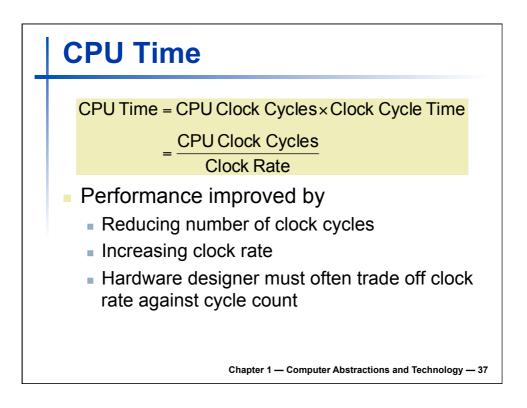


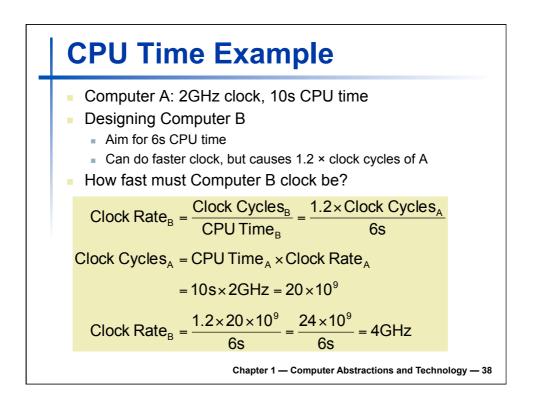


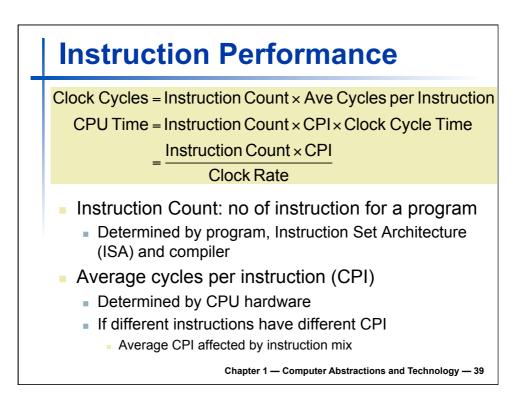


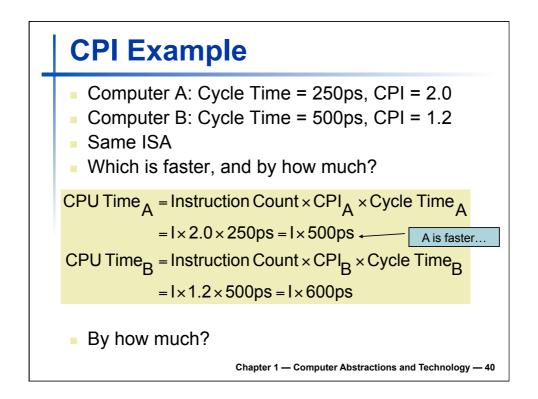


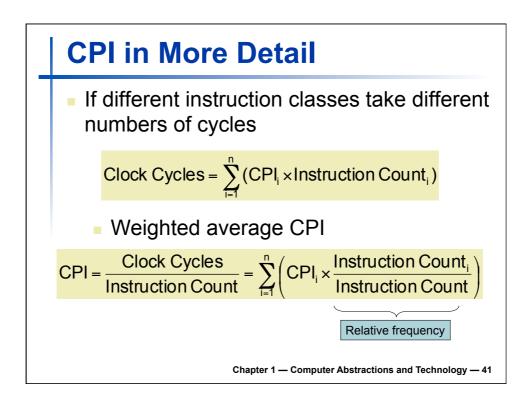




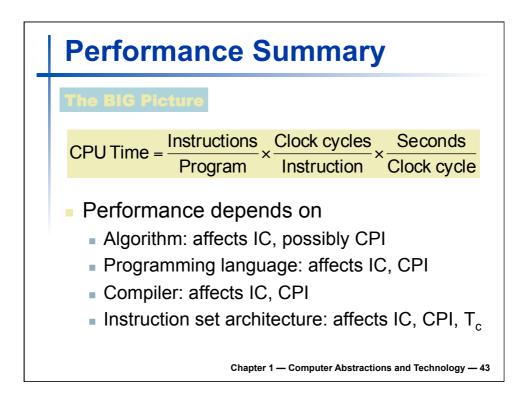


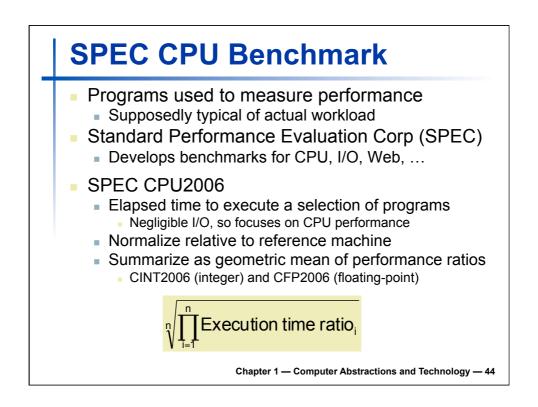


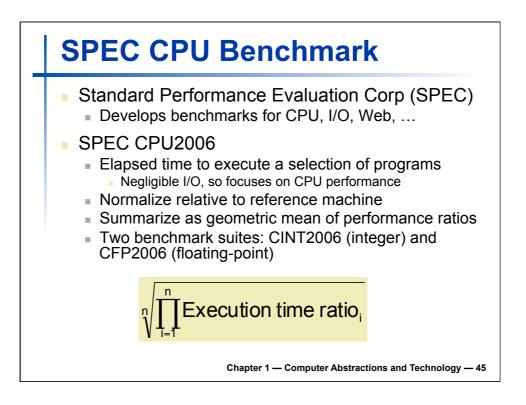




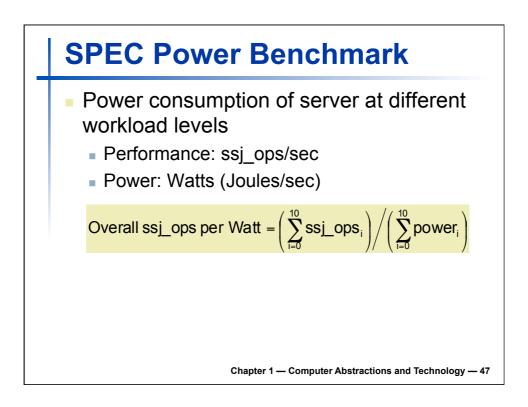
CPI Example					
<ul> <li>Alternative compile in classes A, B, C</li> </ul>	d prograi	m using i	nstructions		
Class	Α	В	С		
CPI for class	1	2	3		
IC in program 1	2	1	2		
IC in program 2	4	1	1		
<ul> <li>Program 1: IC = 5</li> <li>Clock Cycles</li> <li>2×1 + 1×2 + 2×3</li> <li>= 10</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Program 2: IC = 6</li> <li>Clock Cycles</li> <li>= 4×1 + 1×2 + 1×3</li> <li>= 9</li> </ul>			
Avg. CPI = 10/5 = 2.	0 •	Avg. CPI	= 9/6 = 1.5		
Cr	napter 1 — Comp	outer Abstraction	s and Technology		



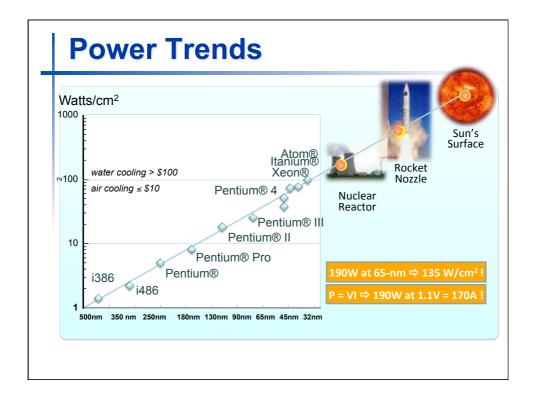




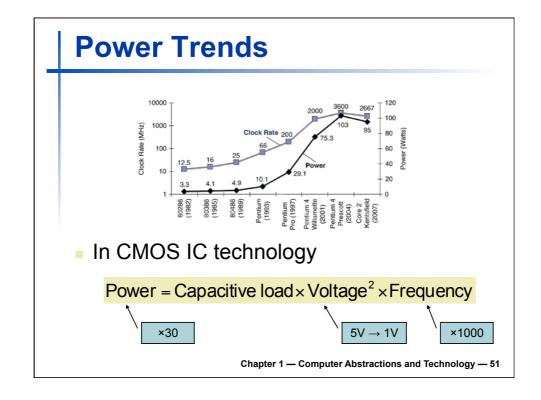
Name	Description	IC×10 <sup>9</sup>	CPI	Tc (ns)	Exec time	Ref time	SPECrat
perl	Interpreted string processing	2,118	0.75	0.40	637	9,777	15
bzip2	Block-sorting compression	2,389	0.85	0.40	817	9,650	11
gcc	GNU C Compiler	1,050	1.72	0.47	24	8,050	11
mcf	Combinatorial optimization	336	10.00	0.40	1,345	9,120	6
go	Go game (AI)	1,658	1.09	0.40	721	10,490	14
hmmer	Search gene sequence	2,783	0.80	0.40	890	9,330	10
sjeng	Chess game (AI)	2,176	0.96	0.48	37	12,100	14
libquantum	Quantum computer simulation	1,623	1.61	0.40	1,047	20,720	19
h264avc	Video compression	3,102	0.80	0.40	993	22,130	22
omnetpp	Discrete event simulation	587	2.94	0.40	690	6,250	9
astar	Games/path finding	1,082	1.79	0.40	773	7,020	9.
xalancbmk	XML parsing	1,058	2.70	0.40	1,143	6,900	6.
Geometric m	lean						11.7

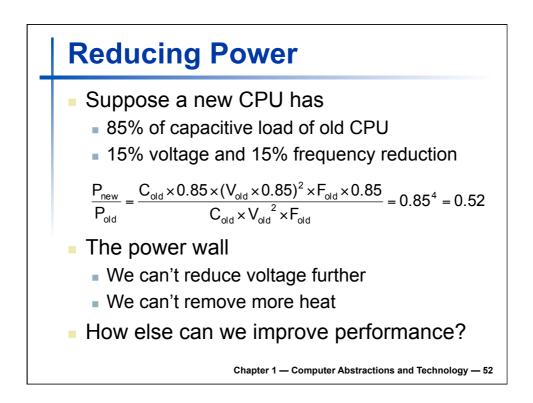


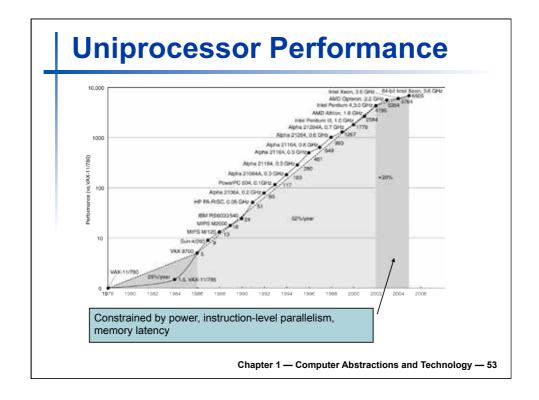
	1		
Target Load %	Performance (ssj_ops/sec)	Average Power (Watts)	
100%	231,867	295	
90%	211,282	286	
80%	185,803	275	
70%	163,427	265	
60%	140,160	256	
50%	118,324	246	
40%	920,35	233	
30%	70,500	222	
20%	47,126	206	
10%	23,066	180	
0%	0	141	
Overall sum	1,283,590	2,605	
Σssj_ops/ Σpower		493	

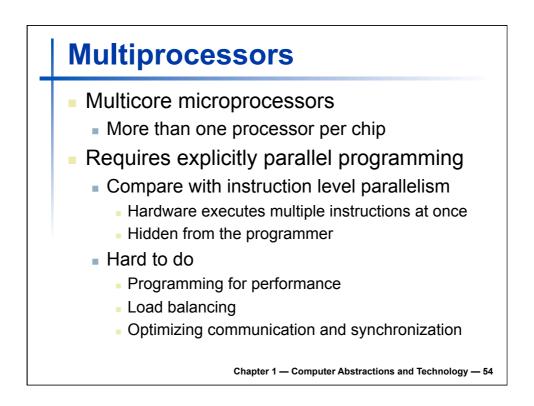


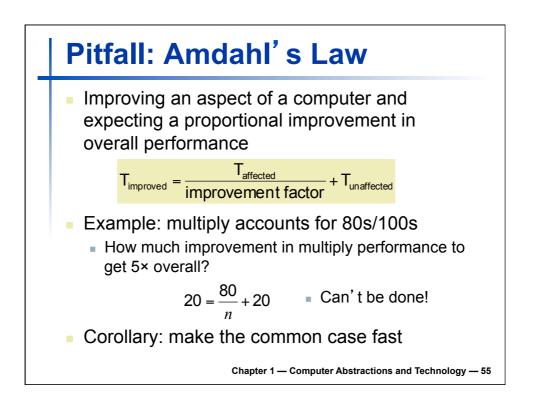


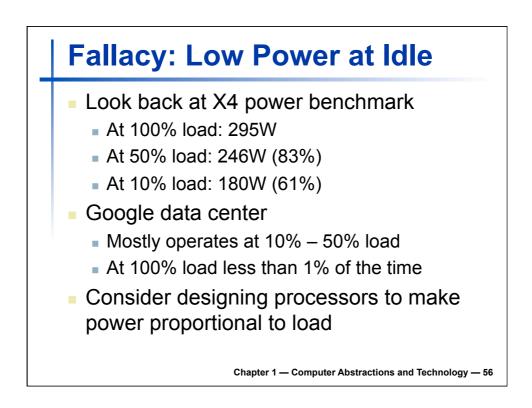


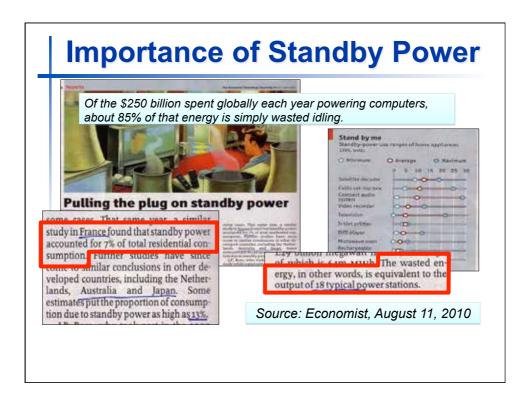


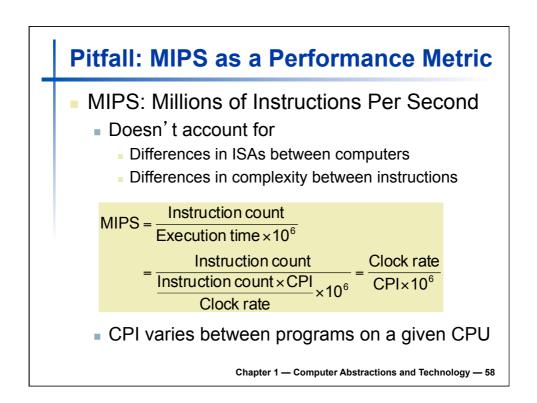












## **Concluding Remarks**

- Cost/performance is improving
  - Due to underlying technology development
- Hierarchical layers of abstraction
  - In both hardware and software
- Instruction set architecture
  - The hardware/software interface
- Execution time: the best performance measure
- Power is a limiting factor
  - Use parallelism to improve performance

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