

## Review Question Solutions

1. (a)  $A59.FCE = \underbrace{1010}_{16} \underbrace{0101}_{16} \underbrace{1001}_{16} \cdot \underbrace{1111}_{16} \underbrace{1100}_{16} \underbrace{1110}_{16}$

(b) 
$$\begin{array}{r} 87 \\ 16 \overline{)1400} \leftarrow 16 \overline{)87} \leftarrow 16 \overline{)5} \\ \underline{1392} \qquad \underline{80} \qquad \underline{0} \\ 8 \qquad \qquad 7 \qquad \qquad 5 \end{array}$$

$.16 \times 16 = 2.56 \rightarrow .56 \times 16 = 8.96 \rightarrow .96 \times 16 = F.36 \rightarrow .36 \times 16 = 5.76 \dots$   
 $= (578.28F5 \dots)_{16}$

(c) 
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 101011100.000111 \\ \underbrace{\quad}_5 \underbrace{\quad}_3 \underbrace{\quad}_4 \underbrace{\quad}_0 \underbrace{\quad}_7 \\ = (534.07)_8 \end{array}$$

(d) 
$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccc} 83 & 41 & 20 & 10 & 5 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 \overline{)166} \leftarrow 2 \overline{)83} \leftarrow 2 \overline{)41} \leftarrow 2 \overline{)20} \leftarrow 2 \overline{)10} \leftarrow 2 \overline{)5} \leftarrow 2 \overline{)2} \leftarrow 2 \overline{)1} \\ \underline{166} & \underline{82} & \underline{40} & \underline{20} & \underline{10} & \underline{4} & \underline{2} & \underline{0} \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$$

$= (10100110)_2$

2.

| Decimal | Sign Mag. |
|---------|-----------|
| 127     | 01111111  |
| -0      | 10000000  |
| -55     | 10110111  |

3.

| Decimal | 1's Comp.  |
|---------|------------|
| 43      | 0000101011 |
| -1      | 1111111110 |
| -128    | 1101111111 |

4. (a)  $01111001$  (positive number)  $\rightarrow 121$

(b)  $11111111(2's) \xrightarrow{-1} 11111110(1's) \xrightarrow{\text{complement}} 00000001(\text{magnitude}) \rightarrow -1$

(c)  $10000(2's) \xrightarrow{-1} 01111(1's) \xrightarrow{\text{complement}} 10000(\text{magnitude}) \rightarrow -16$

(d)

$$10000001(2's) \xrightarrow{-1} 10000000(1's) \xrightarrow{\text{complement}} 01111111(\text{mag.}) \rightarrow -127$$

5.

(a)  $27 + 38$

$$\begin{array}{r} 00011011 \\ + 00100110 \\ \hline 01000001 \longrightarrow 65 \end{array}$$

(b)  $55 + 75$

$$\begin{array}{r} 00110111 \\ + 01001011 \\ \hline 10000010 \longrightarrow -126 \end{array}$$

(reflect an overflow situation i.e. the correct result cannot be represented with the available number of bits.)

6.  $(00100)_{SM} = (00100)_{2's}$  [the number is positive]  
 $(10100)_{2's} + (00100)_{SM} = (10100)_{2's} + (00100)_{2's} = (11000)_{2's}$   
 Convert to integers and verify your result!

7.  $A=1000$

8. The result is available at 100ns. This is because there is no delay for the gates.

9. (b) wire clock, D, Q;

10. The synthesized circuit is a 4-to-1 multiplexer. Inputs are a, b, c, d, output is out, 2-bit control signal is used to select the input.

11. From the given truth table, we can write following two K-maps.  
 K-map for S,

|      |       |   |   |
|------|-------|---|---|
|      | $C_i$ | 0 | 1 |
| $AB$ |       |   |   |
| 00   |       | 0 | 1 |
| 01   |       | 1 | 0 |
| 11   |       | 0 | 1 |
| 10   |       | 1 | 0 |

From the K-map, we have

$$S = \bar{A}\bar{B}C_i + \bar{A}B\bar{C}_i + ABC_i + A\bar{B}\bar{C}_i = (\bar{A}B + A\bar{B})\bar{C}_i + (\bar{A}\bar{B} + AB)C_i = A \oplus B \oplus C_i$$

K-map for  $C_o$

|      |       |   |   |
|------|-------|---|---|
|      | $C_i$ | 0 | 1 |
| $AB$ |       |   |   |
| 00   |       | 0 | 0 |
| 01   |       | 0 | 1 |
| 11   |       | 1 | 1 |
| 10   |       | 0 | 1 |

From the K-map, we have

$$C_i = AB + BC_i + AC_i = AB + (A\bar{B} + \bar{A}B)C_i = AB + (A \oplus B)C_i$$

12 A 16-bit CSA adder implementation. The critical path is shaded in grey.

