

Mini models

EECS 4315

www.eecs.yorku.ca/course/4315/

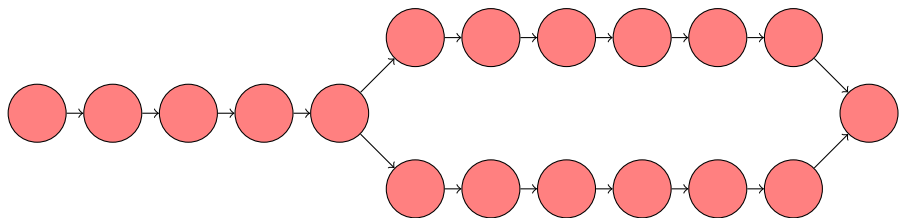
Mini

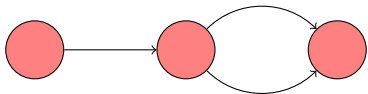


source: Keld Gydm



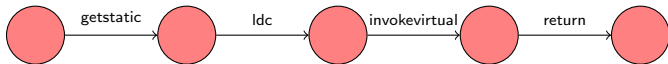
source: Mike Bird



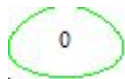


Hello World!

```
public class HelloWorld {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        System.out.println("Hello World");  
    }  
}
```



Hello World!



Hello World!

```
target=HelloWorld  
classpath=.  
listener=gov.nasa.jpf.listener.StateSpaceDot  
vm.max_transition_length=1
```


Hello World!

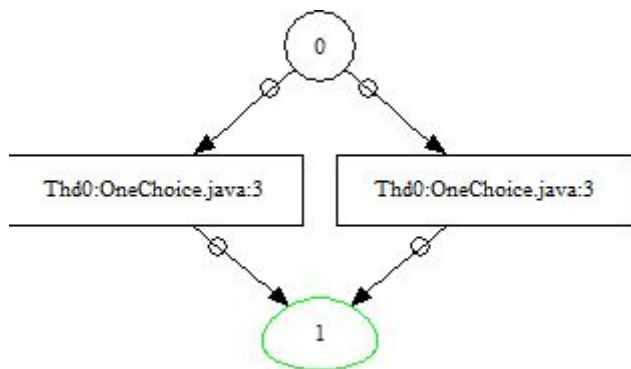
```
===== stat
elapsed time:      00:00:02
states:           new=35,visited=0,backtracked=35,end=1
search:           maxDepth=35,constraints=0
choice generators: thread=35 (signal=0,lock=1,sharedRef=0,t
heap:             new=348,released=11,maxLive=331,gcCycles=
instructions:     3198
max memory:       61MB
loaded code:      classes=56,methods=1220
===== sear
```

Hello World!



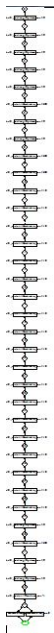
```
Random random = new Random();  
if (random.nextBoolean()) {  
    System.out.println("1");  
} else {  
    System.out.println("2");  
}
```

```
target=OneChoice  
classpath=.  
cg.enumerate_random=true  
listener=gov.nasa.jpf.listener.StateSpaceDot
```



```
target=OneChoice  
classpath=.  
cg.enumerate_random=true  
listener=gov.nasa.jpf.listener.StateSpaceDot  
vm.max_transition_length=1
```

One choice



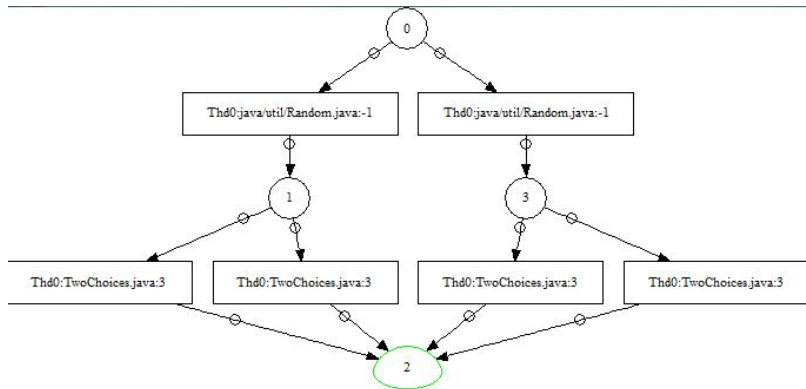
Two choices

```
Random random = new Random();
if (random.nextBoolean()) {
    if (random.nextBoolean()) {
        System.out.println("1");
    } else {
        System.out.println("2");
    }
} else {
    if (random.nextBoolean()) {
        System.out.println("3");
    } else {
        System.out.println("4");
    }
}
```


Two choices

```
target=TwoChoices
classpath=.
cg.enumerate_random=true
listener=gov.nasa.jpf.listener.StateSpaceDot
```

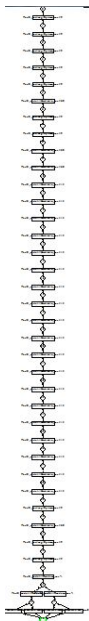
Two choices



Two choices

```
target=TwoChoices  
classpath=.  
cg.enumerate_random=true  
listener=gov.nasa.jpf.listener.StateSpaceDot  
vm.max_transition_length=1
```

Two choices



```
Random random = new Random();  
byte value = 0;  
while (random.nextBoolean()) {  
    value++;  
}  
System.out.println(value);
```

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Many choices

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Answer

Infinitely many.

Many choices

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Answer

Infinitely many.

Question

How many different states does JPF encounter?

Many choices

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Answer

Infinitely many.

Question

How many different states does JPF encounter?

Answer

257.

Not so many choices

```
Random random = new Random();  
byte value = 0;  
while (random.nextBoolean()) {  
    value = (byte) ((value + 1) % 5);  
}  
System.out.println(value);
```

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Many choices

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Answer

Infinitely many.

Many choices

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Answer

Infinitely many.

Question

How many different states does JPF encounter?

Many choices

Question

How many different executions does the app `ManyChoices`

Answer

Infinitely many.

Question

How many different states does JPF encounter?

Answer

6.

Not so many choices

```
target=NotSoManyChoices  
classpath=.  
cg.enumerate_random=true  
listener=gov.nasa.jpf.listener.StateSpaceDot
```

Not so many choices

===== search

0

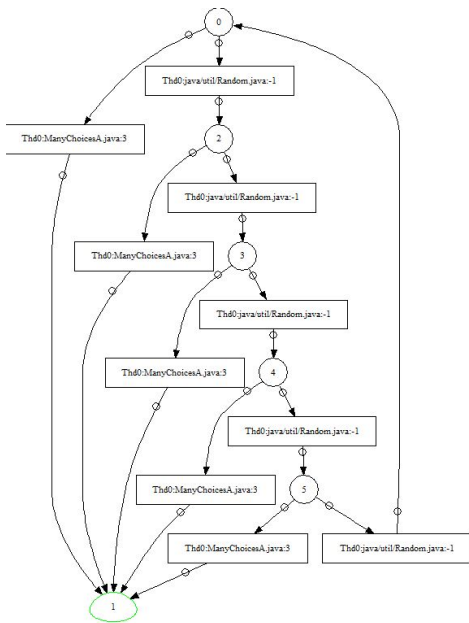
1

2

3

4

Not so many choices



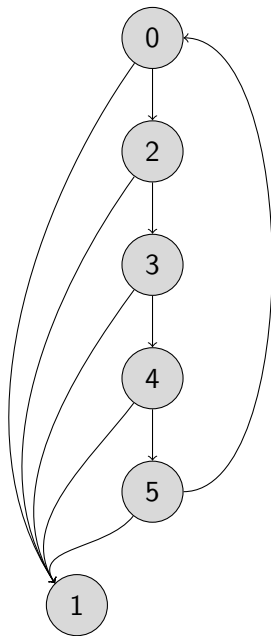
Not so many choices

```
target=NoSoManyChoices  
classpath=.  
cg.enumerate_random=true  
listener=gov.nasa.jpf.listener.StateSpaceDot  
vm.max_transition_length=1
```

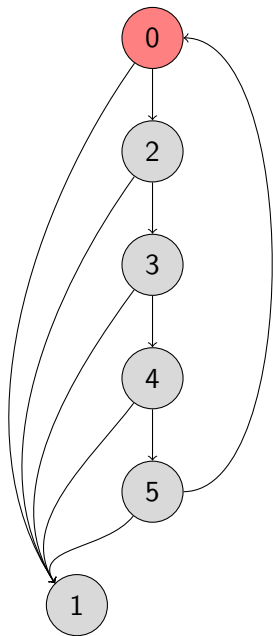
Not so many choices



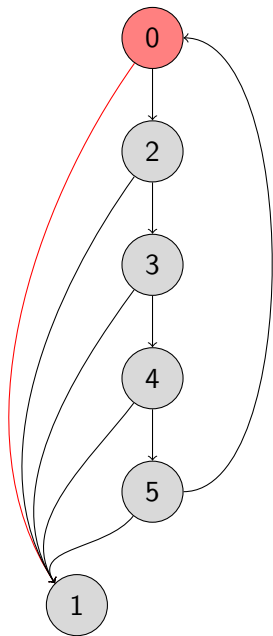
Not so many choices



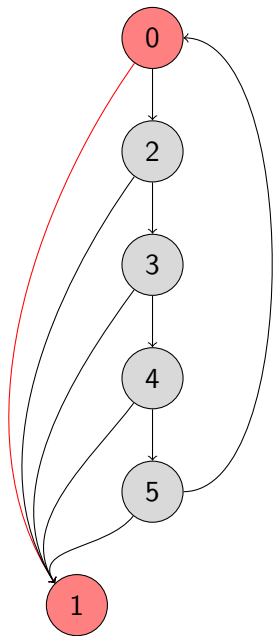
Not so many choices



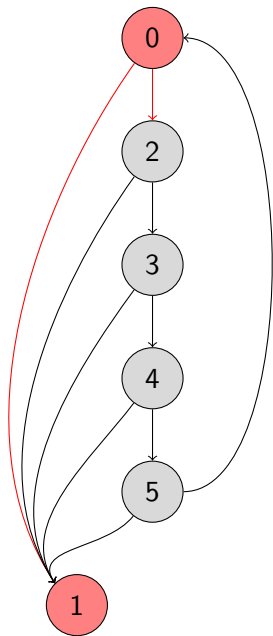
Not so many choices



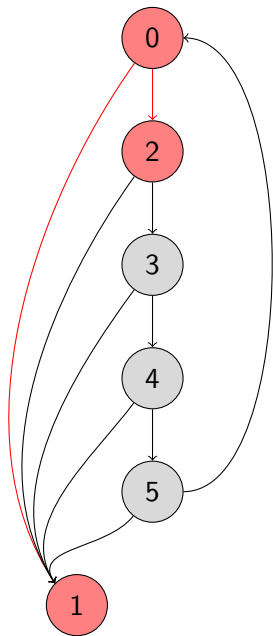
Not so many choices



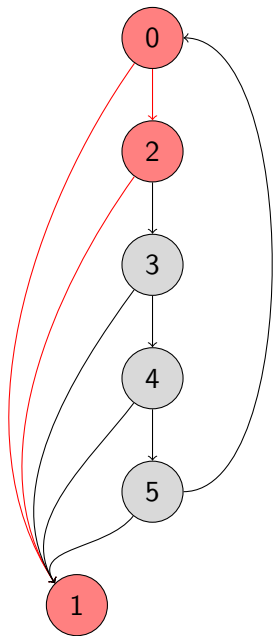
Not so many choices



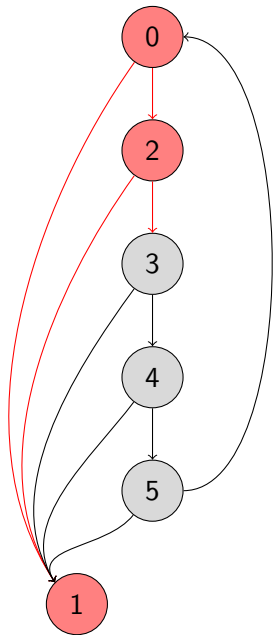
Not so many choices



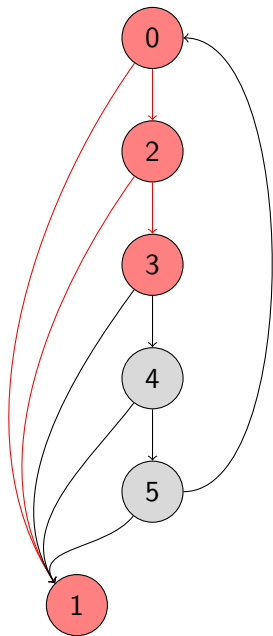
Not so many choices



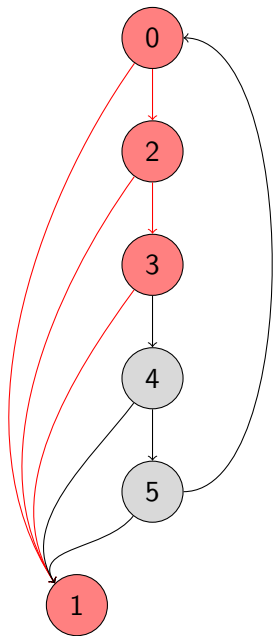
Not so many choices



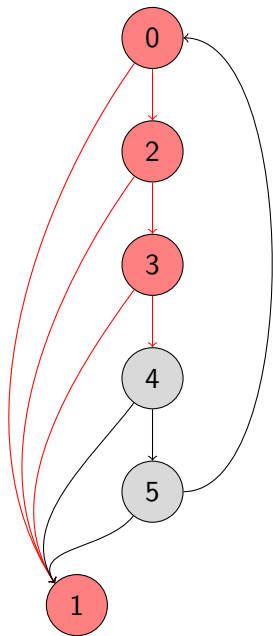
Not so many choices



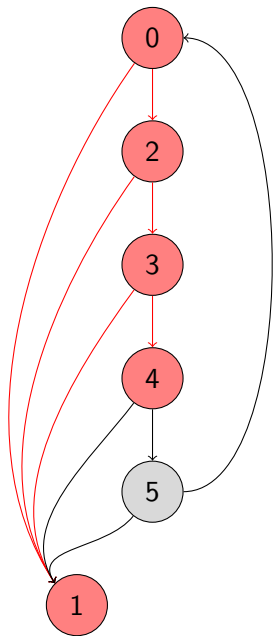
Not so many choices



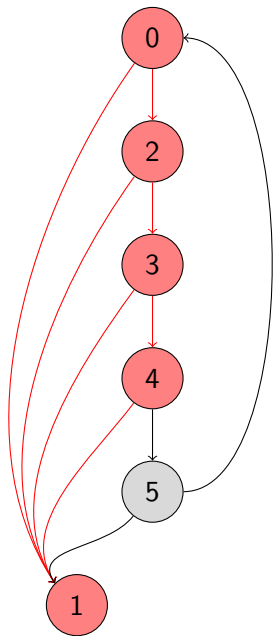
Not so many choices



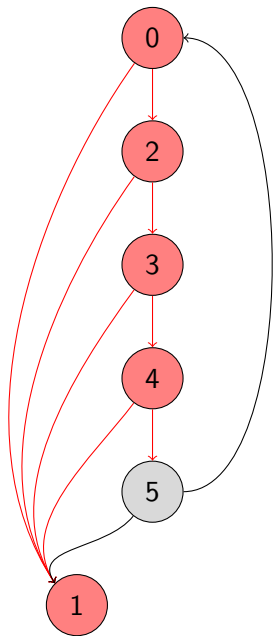
Not so many choices



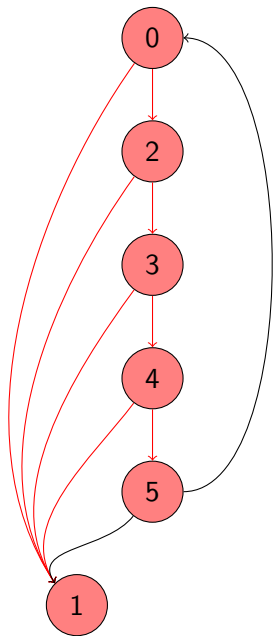
Not so many choices



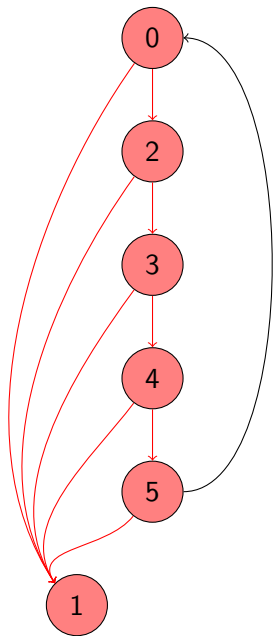
Not so many choices



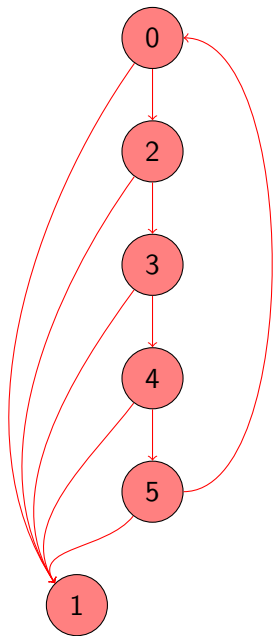
Not so many choices



Not so many choices



Not so many choices



Question

Does this remind you of an algorithm you have seen in the course EECS 2011 Fundamentals of Data Structures and EECS 3101 Design and Analysis of Algorithms?

Question

Does this remind you of an algorithm you have seen in the course EECS 2011 Fundamentals of Data Structures and EECS 3101 Design and Analysis of Algorithms?

Answer

Depth-first search of a directed graph.

Question

Does this remind you of an algorithm you have seen in the course EECS 2011 Fundamentals of Data Structures and EECS 3101 Design and Analysis of Algorithms?

Answer

Depth-first search of a directed graph.

A labelled transition system is similar to a directed graph.

state vertex

transition edge

Question

Why do we have to keep track of the vertices that have been visited in depth-first search?

Question

Why do we have to keep track of the vertices that have been visited in depth-first search?

Answer

To ensure that the traversal terminates.

Question

Why do we have to keep track of the vertices that have been visited in depth-first search?

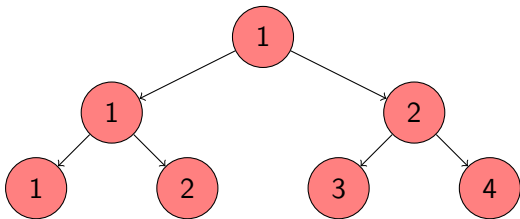
Answer

To ensure that the traversal terminates.

Similarly, when model checking we need to keep track of the states that have already been visited.

Exercise

Write a recursive method that for a given depth d chooses an integer in the range $1 - 2^d$ uniformly at random using `random.nextBoolean`. Hint: provide the method with an additional parameter.



```
target=Choice  
target.args=2  
classpath=.
```

Number of states

d	number of states
0	35
1	36
2	38
3	42
4	50
5	66
10	1,058
20	1,048,610

Number of states

d	number of states
0	35
1	36
2	38
3	42
4	50
5	66
10	1,058
20	1,048,610

Question

Can you express the number of states in terms of d ?

Number of states

d	number of states
0	35
1	36
2	38
3	42
4	50
5	66
10	1,058
20	1,048,610

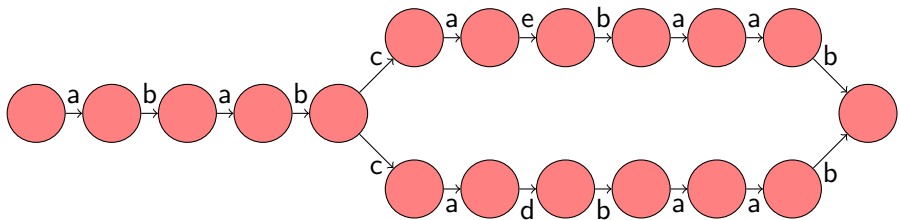
Question

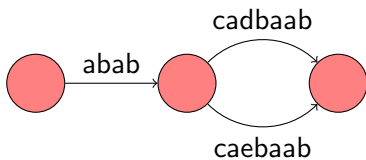
Can you express the number of states in terms of d ?

Answer

$2^d + 34$.

Model





Question

What do the model and the mini model in common?

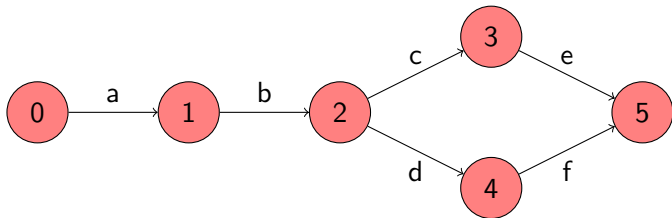
Question

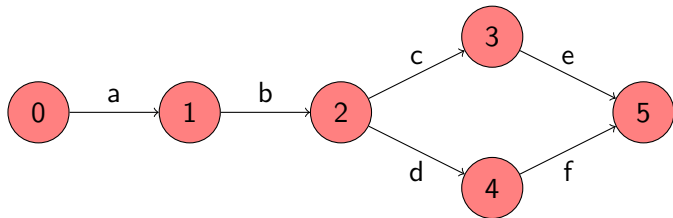
What do the model and the mini model in common?

Answer

- The initial state.
- The final states.
- The branching structure.
- The language: (finite and infinite) sequences of actions.^a

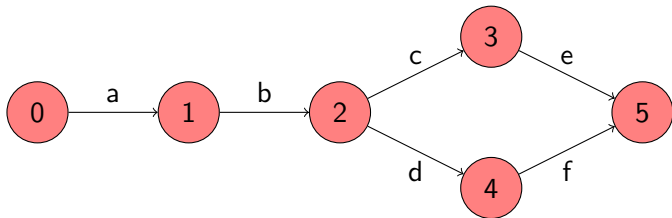
^aSimilar to the language accepted by a finite automaton, as discussed in EECS 2001 Introduction to Theory of Computation.





Question

Which is the initial state?

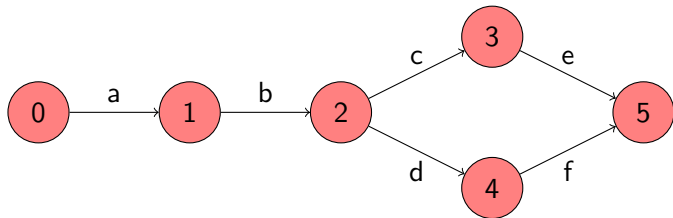


Question

Which is the initial state?

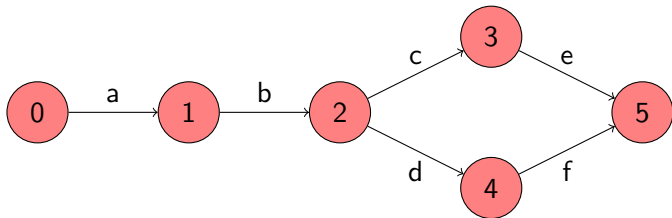
Answer

State 0.



Question

Which are the final states?

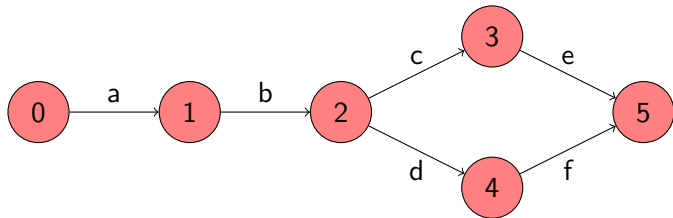


Question

Which are the final states?

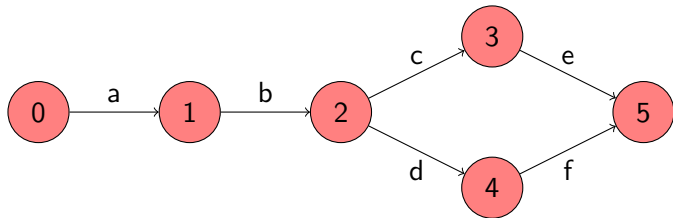
Answer

State 5.



Question

Which are the branching states?

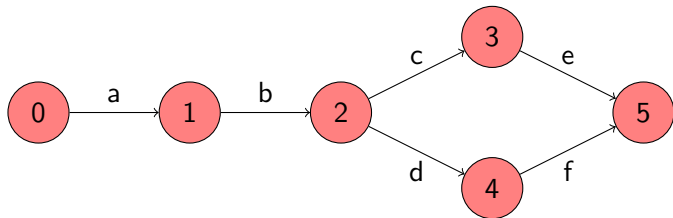


Question

Which are the branching states?

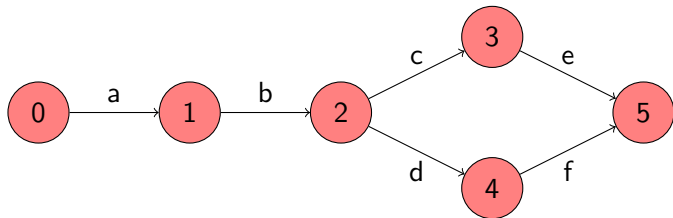
Answer

State 2.



Question

What is the language?



Question

What is the language?

Answer

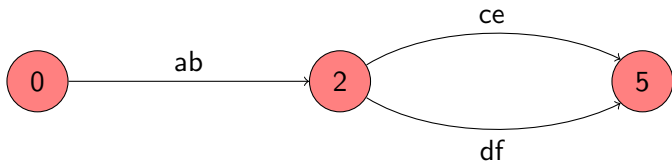
$\{abce, abdf\}$.

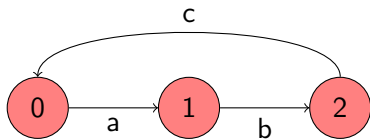
Question

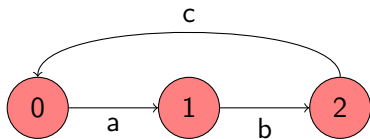
What is the corresponding mini model?

Question

What is the corresponding mini model?

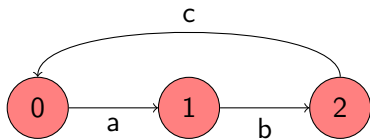






Question

Which is the initial state?

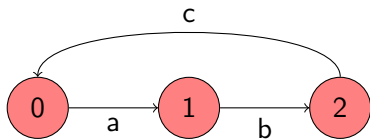


Question

Which is the initial state?

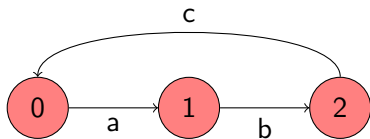
Answer

State 0.



Question

Which are the final states?

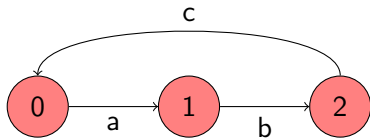


Question

Which are the final states?

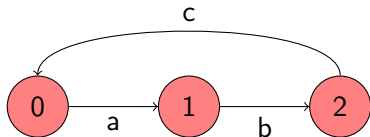
Answer

There are none.



Question

Which are the branching states?

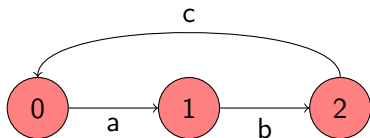


Question

Which are the branching states?

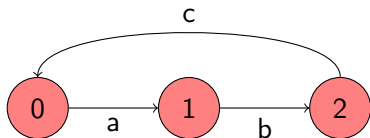
Answer

There are none.



Question

What is the language?



Question

What is the language?

Answer

$\{abcabcabc \dots\}$.

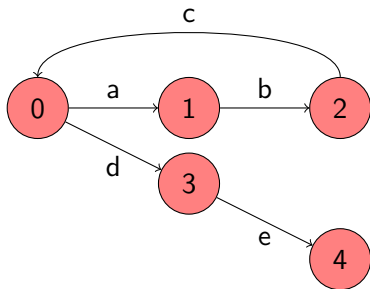
Question

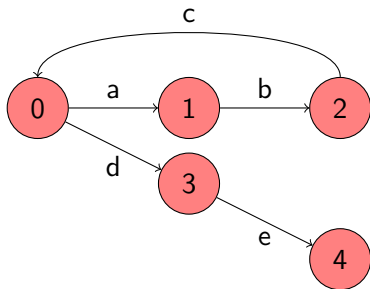
What is the corresponding mini model?

Question

What is the corresponding mini model?

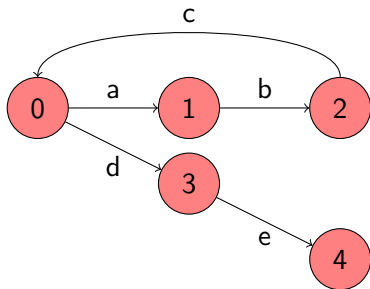






Question

Which is the initial state?

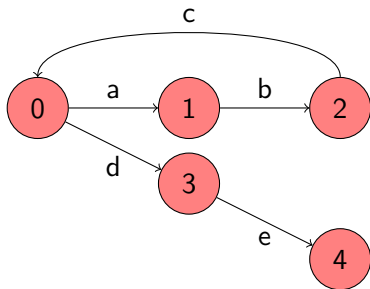


Question

Which is the initial state?

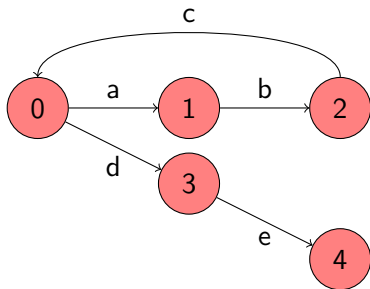
Answer

State 0.



Question

Which are the final states?

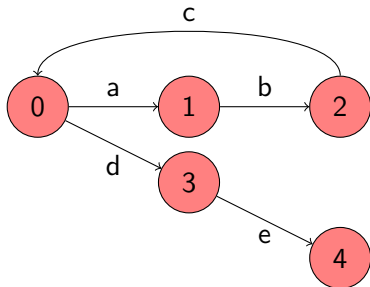


Question

Which are the final states?

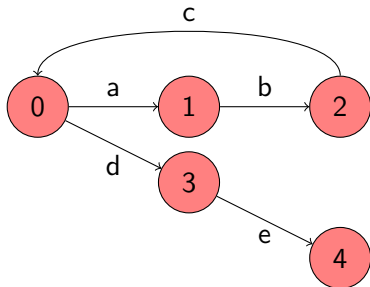
Answer

State 4.



Question

Which are the branching states?

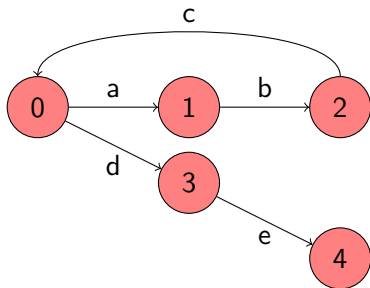


Question

Which are the branching states?

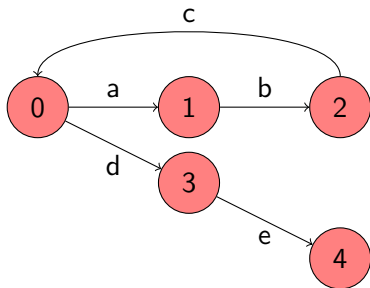
Answer

State 0.



Question

What is the language?



Question

What is the language?

Answer

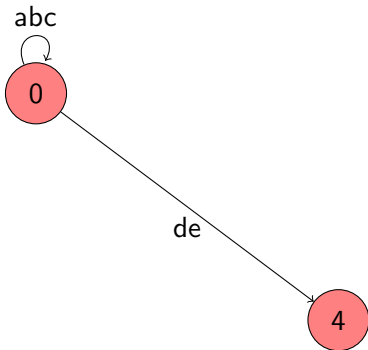
$\{de, abcde, abcabcde, \dots, abcabcabc \dots\}$.

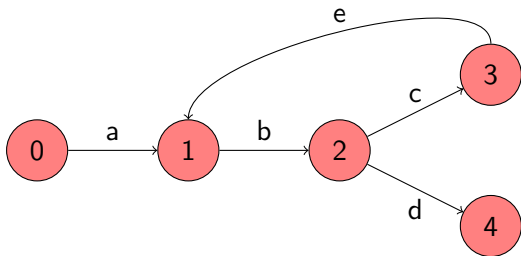
Question

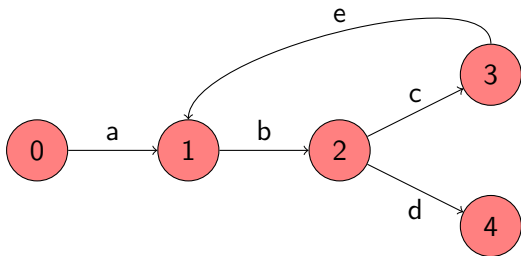
What is the corresponding mini model?

Question

What is the corresponding mini model?

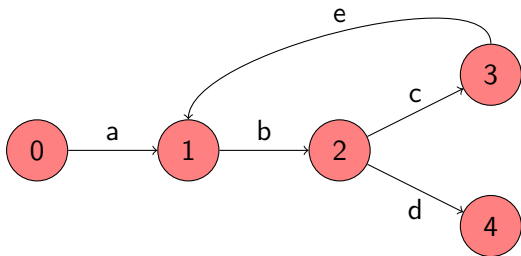






Question

Which is the initial state?

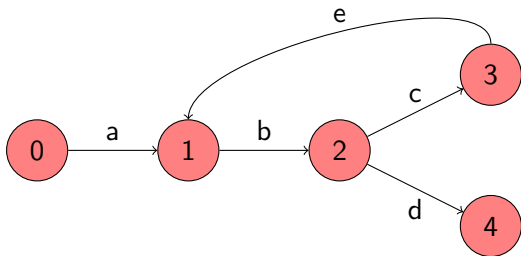


Question

Which is the initial state?

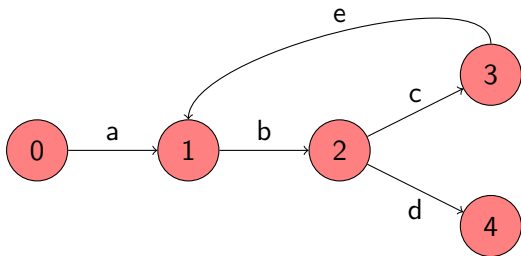
Answer

State 0.



Question

Which are the final states?

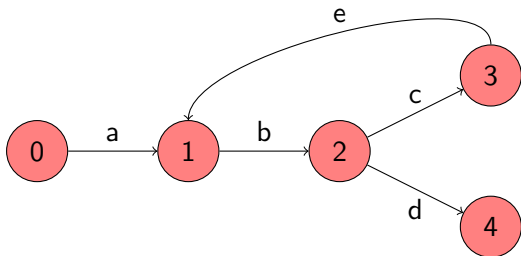


Question

Which are the final states?

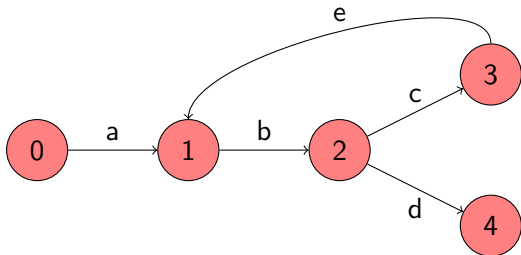
Answer

State 4.



Question

Which are the branching states?

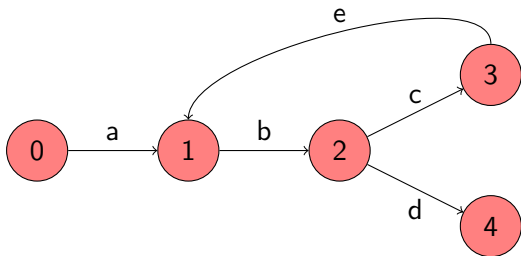


Question

Which are the branching states?

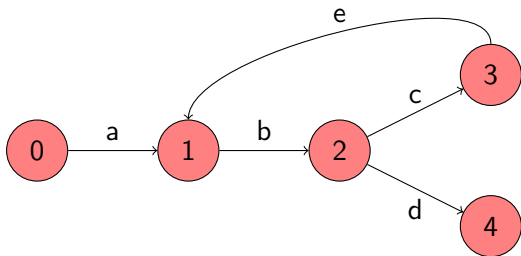
Answer

State 2.



Question

What is the language?



Question

What is the language?

Answer

$\{abd, abcebd, abcebcebd, \dots, abcebcebcce \dots\}$.

Question

What is the corresponding mini model?

Question

What is the corresponding mini model?

